

R.I. DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES AND CARRIERS, R.I. OFFICE OF ENERGY RESOURCES & PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

GUIDING THE FUTURE OF RHODE ISLAND'S ELECTRICAL GRID

THE GRID WAS BUILT FOR A DIFFERENT ERA





Benefits of Modernizing the

Control the long-term costs of the electric system.



Today's electric grid is built for peak usage. That's like constructing a **100-lane highway for Thanksgiving traffic**. New technology provides us with more ways to right-size the system to Rhode Islanders' needs.

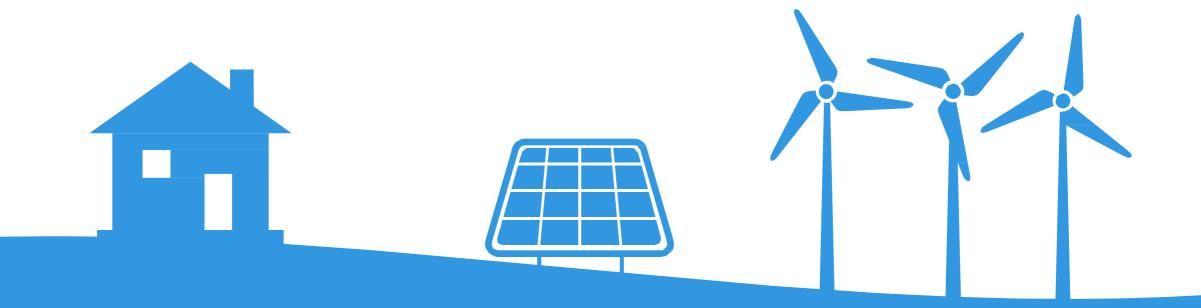


Give customers more energy choices.

Clean energy technologies are more affordable now than ever. Our utility rules should allow consumers to access and enjoy creative solutions to manage their energy production and use.

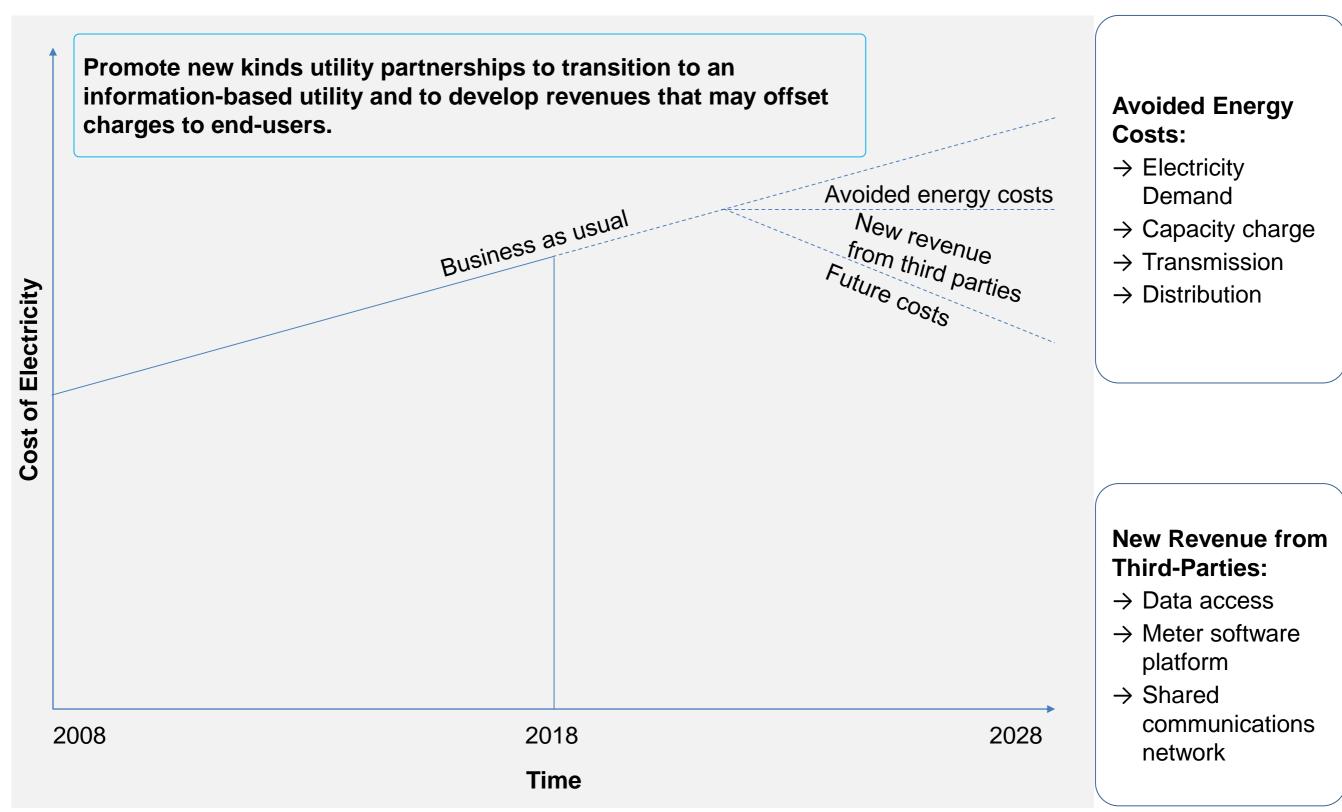
Build a flexible grid to integrate more clean energy.

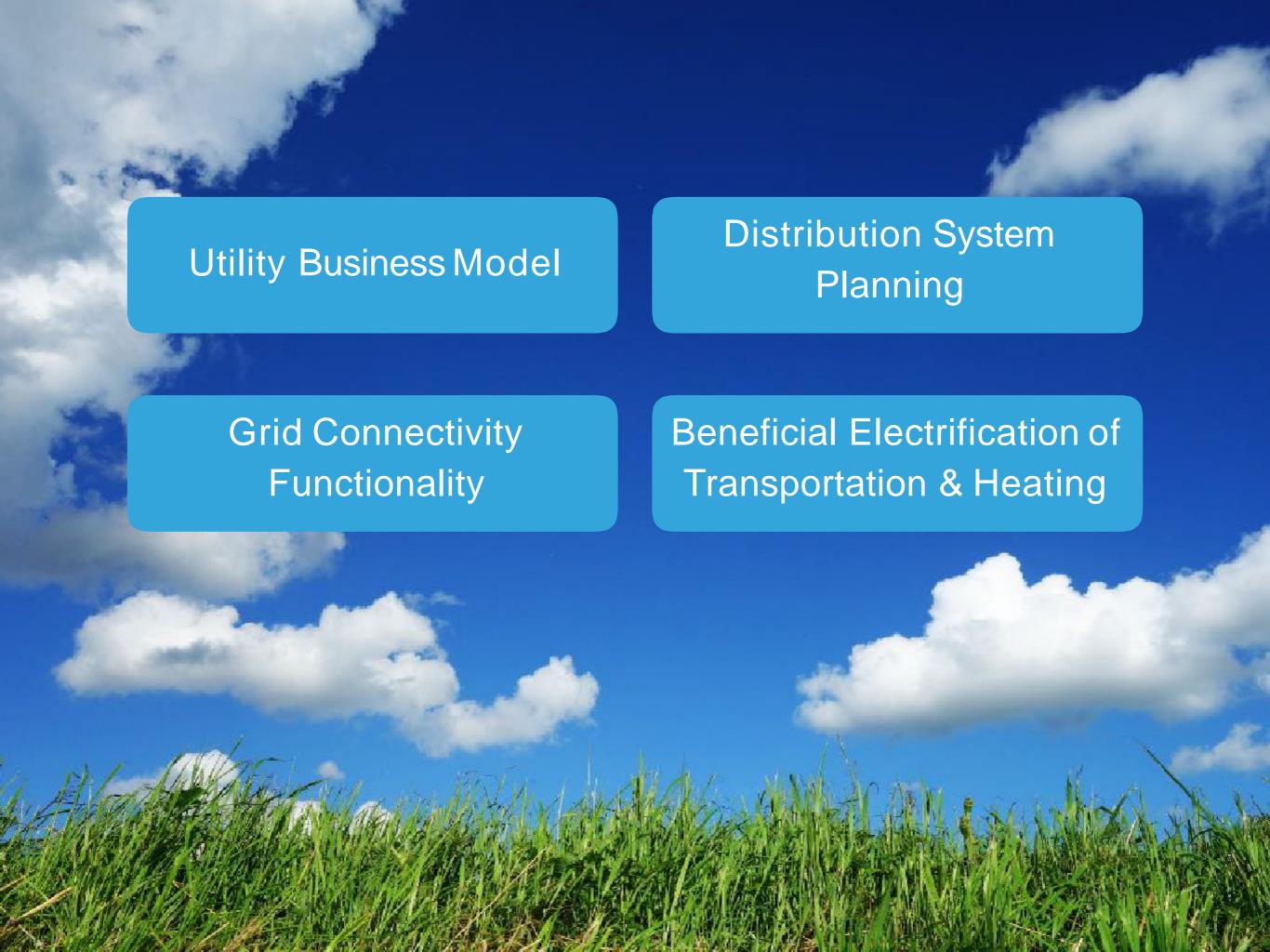
The Governor's goal of 1,000 megawatts of clean energy by 2020 will bolster our growing local clean jobs economy and help us meet state climate goals.



Bend the Long-Term Utility Cost Curve

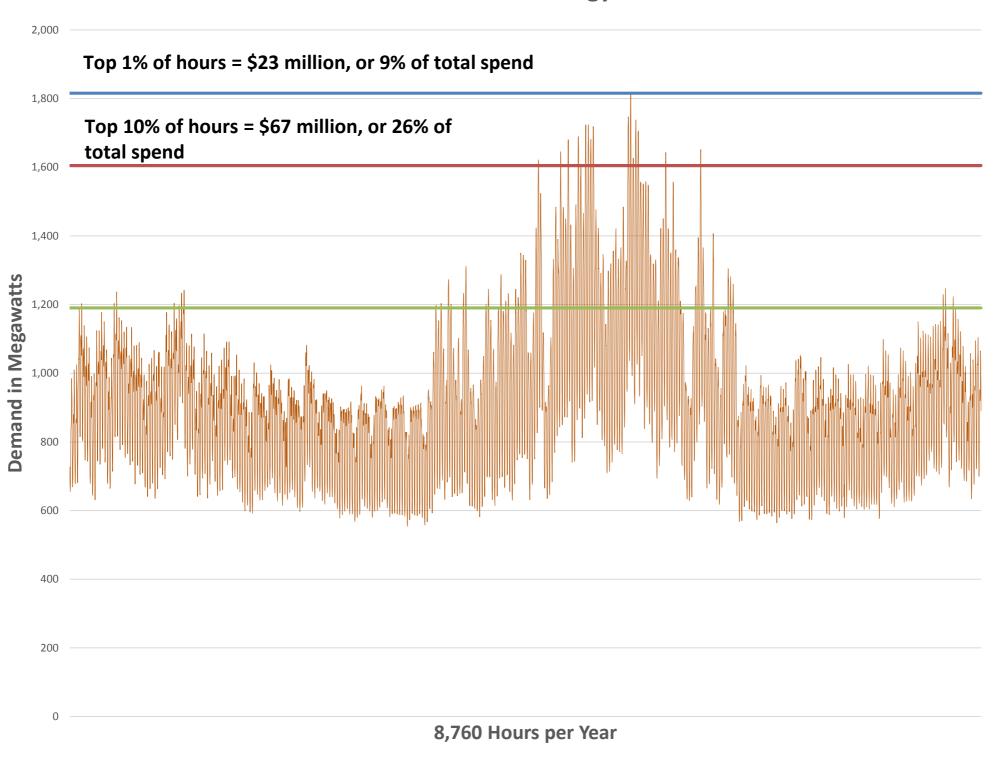
Avoided System Costs and Third Party Revenue





Peak Demand Adds Cost

2016 Rhode Island Peak Energy Demand

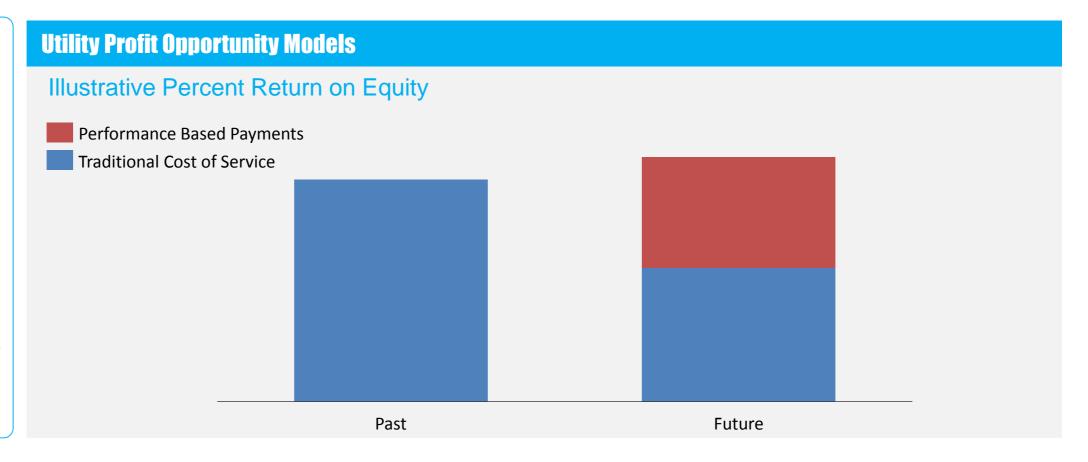


Modernize the Utility Business Model 1. Create a multi-year plan and budget

Review rate cases as a multi-year rate plan with a rate cap that incents cost savings and shares savings with ratepayers

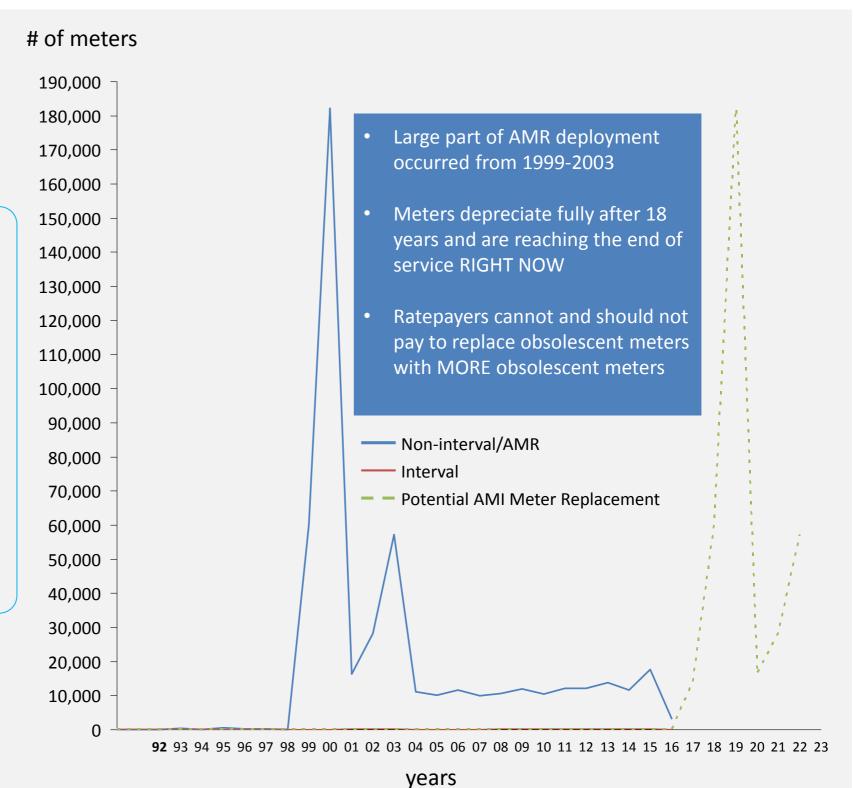
2. PAY FOR PERFORMANCE

Shift to a pay for performance model by developing performance incentive mechanisms for system efficiency, distributed energy resources and network support services



Build a Connected Distribution Grid DEPLOY ADVANCED METERS

- The utility should develop an advanced meter roll-out plan to support two-way energy flow that includes:
 - Business case;
 - Time varying rates;
 - Implementation schedule;
 - List of capabilities to be delivered in response to those enumerated by the PST process

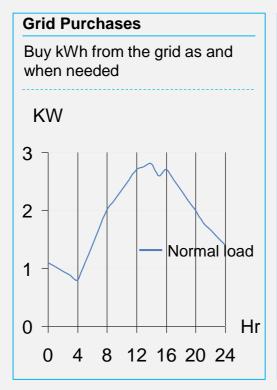


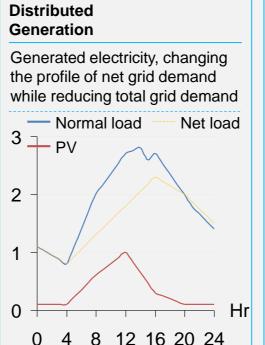
Build a Connected Distribution Grid

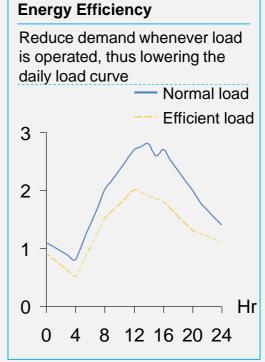
Distributed
Generation,
Demand Flexibility
and Energy
Efficiency can help
manage peak load.

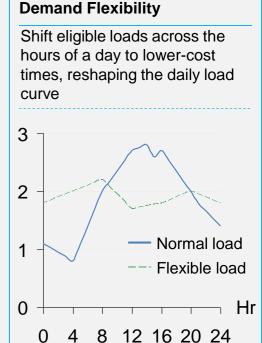
Traditional Utility Economics Do Not Align with Distributed Energy Technologies

Grid purchases, distributed generation, energy efficiency, and demand flexibility compared









Demand Side Management (DSM)

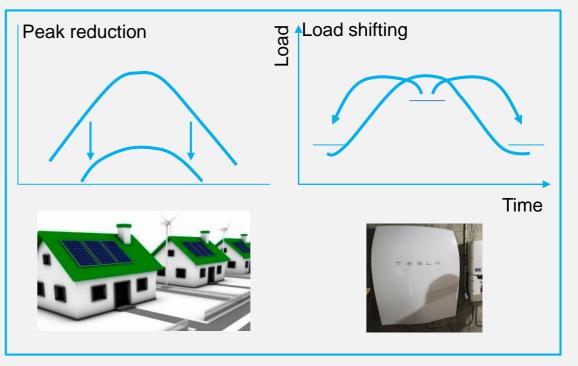
- Load reduction and load shifting
 - Residential & small commercial (<200 kW)
 - C&I (loads or demand >200 kW)

Distributed Generation (DG)

- Photovoltaic, wind, ...
- Fossil fuel (oil, diesel, etc.)
- Renewable biomass

Energy Storage System (ESS)

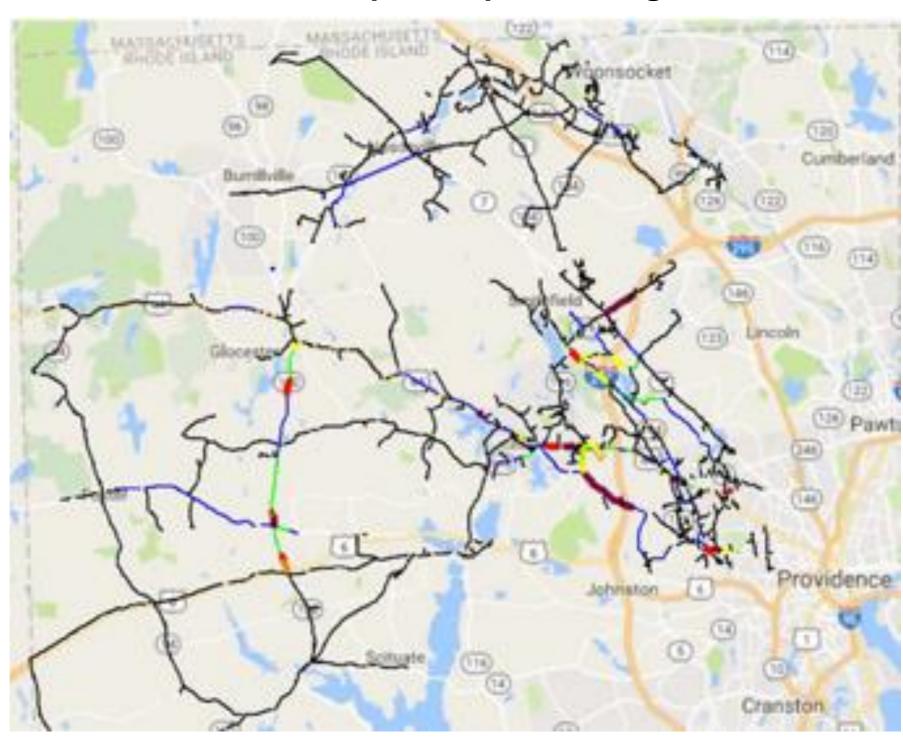
- Dedicated batteries, electric vehicles
- Thermal, mechanical



Leverage Distribution System Information

Heat Map Example Loading

State regulators and policymakers should develop an implementation strategy for compensating the locational value of distributed energy resources.



Modernize the Utility Business Model

Implementation Vehicles THE RECOMMENDED ACTIONS WILL BE TAKEN THROUGH A VARIETY OF REGULATORY VEHICLES OVER 2017-2019 INCLUDING:

- Rate Case Docket
- ISR Docket
- SRP Docket
- EE Program Plan
- Other, as needed

Discussion